ELIGIBILITY CRITERIA FOR FREE AND REDUCED PRICE MEALS EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2013

Household	Maximum Household Income			Maximum Household Income		
Size	Eligible for Free Meals			Eligible for Reduced Price Meals		
	<u>Annually</u>	Monthly	Weekly	<u>Annually</u>	Monthly	Weekly
1	\$14,937	\$1,245	\$288	\$21,257	\$1,772	\$409
2	20,163	1,681	388	28,694	2,392	552
3	25,389	2,116	489	36,131	3,011	695
4	30,615	2,552	589	43,568	3,631	838
5	35,841	2,987	690	51,005	4,251	981
6	41,067	3,423	790	58,442	4,871	1,124
7	46,293	3,858	891	65,879	5,490	1,267
8	51,519	4,294	991	73,316	6,110	1,410
Each add'l						
member	5,226	436	101	7,437	620	144

Family/Household means a group of people who may or may not be related and who do not live in an institution or a boarding house, but who are living as one economic group. Students who are temporarily away at school should be counted as members of the family; however, students who are full-time residents of an institution are considered a family of one.

Income means income before deductions for income taxes, employee's social security taxes, insurance premiums, charitable contributions, bonds, etc. It includes the following:

- 1. Monetary compensation for services, including wages, salary, commissions, or fees;
- 2. Net income from non-farm self-employment;
- 3. Net income from farm self-employment;
- 4. Social security:
- 5. Dividends or interest on savings or bonds or income from estates or trusts;
- 6. Net rental income;
- 7. Public assistance or welfare payments;
- 8. Unemployment compensation;
- 9. Government civilian employee or military retirement, or pensions, or veterans payments;
- 10. Private pensions or annuities:
- 11. Alimony or child support payments;
- 12. Regular contributions from persons not living in the household;
- 13. Net royalties: and
- 14. Other cash income. Other cash income would include cash amounts received or withdrawn from any source including savings, investments, trust accounts, and other resources which would be available to pay the price of a child's meal.

Income does not include any income or benefits received under any Federal program, which are excluded from consideration as income by any legislative prohibition.

In a household where there is income from wages and self-employment and the self-employment reflects a negative net income, consider that income as zero so as not to offset the wages earned.

In applying guidelines, the family's <u>current</u> rate of income should be used in determining eligibility.

Current Income is defined as income received during the month prior to application if such income is representative. Where the prior month's income was much higher or lower than usual, expected income for this year (12 months starting from last month) may be used; for example, self-employed people, farmers, and migrant workers.

Foster Children whose care and placement is the responsibility of the State or who is placed by a court with a caretaker household is categorically eligible for free meals and may be certified without a application. Households with foster and non foster children may chose to include the foster child as a household member, as well as any personal income earned by the foster child on the same household application that includes the non foster children.

Institutionalized Children are considered a one-member family and only monies the child actually receives and controls shall be considered as income for determining eligibility.

Adopted Children for whom a household has accepted legal responsibility is considered to be a member of that household. If the adoption is a "subsidized" adoption, which may include children with special needs, the subsidy is included in the total household income.

Because some adopted children were first placed in families as foster children, parents may not be aware that, once the child is adopted, he/she must be determined eligible based on the economic unit and all income available to that household, including any adoption assistance, is counted when making eligibility determination.